

## Algorithmic Game Theory

Summer Term 2023

### Exercise Set 10

If you want to hand in your solutions for this problem set, please send them via email to anna.heuser@uni-bonn.de by Tuesday evening – make sure to send a pdf-file which contains your name and your email address. Of course, submitting solutions in groups is also possible.

If you would like to present one of the solutions in class, please also send an email to anna.heuser@uni-bonn.de containing the **task** which you would like to present and in **which of the tutorials** you would like to do so. Deadline for the email is Tuesday, 10:00 pm. Please note that the tasks will be allocated via a first-come-first-served procedure, so sending this email earlier than Tuesday evening is highly recommended.

#### Exercise 1: (2+2+2 Points)

Determine the virtual value function  $\varphi$  of the following probability distributions.

- Uniform distribution on the interval  $[a, b]$ .
- Exponential distribution with rate  $\lambda > 0$  (defined on  $[0, \infty)$ ).
- The distribution given by the cumulative distribution function  $F(v) = 1 - \frac{1}{(v+1)^c}$  defined on the interval  $[0, \infty)$ , where  $c > 0$  is considered to be an arbitrary constant.

Which of the stated distributions are regular?

#### Exercise 2: (1+3 Points)

Once again, consider a single-item auction with two bidders whose valuations are drawn independently from a uniform distribution over  $[0, 1]$ .

- Prove that the random variables  $\varphi_i(v_i)$  are distributed according to a uniform distribution on  $[-1, 1]$ .
- Define a second-price auction with *reserve price*  $p$ . Let  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  be the valuations of the bidders. The allocation and payment rule will be determined according to the following cases:
  - $\min\{v_1, v_2\} \geq p$ : Like in the second price auction.
  - $\max\{v_1, v_2\} < p$ : Nobody gets the item and no payments.
  - $v_1 \geq p > v_2$ : Bidder 1 gets the item and has to pay  $p$ .
  - $v_2 \geq p > v_1$ : Analogous to 3.

Utilize subtask (a) and the results of the lecture in order to determine the expected revenue of a second-price auction with reserve price  $p \in [0, 1]$ .

**Exercise 3:**

(3+3 Points)

We want to discuss non-truthful mechanisms. Therefore, consider a single-item first-price auction with  $n$  bidders whose values are drawn uniformly at random from  $[0, 1]$ .

- (a) Show that each bidder reporting a  $\frac{n-1}{n}$ -fraction of their actual value is a Bayes-Nash equilibrium.
- (b) Compute the expected revenue of the first-price auction at equilibrium.